FABRIC V8.0.0 RELEASE NOTES

These Release Notes describe the new features in Fabric release V8.0.0 and list bugs that have been fixed since the V7.2.2 release.

Certification of this Fabric release is based on:

- Cassandra version 4.1.3
- SQLite version 3.45.2
- OpenJDK Runtime Environment 21.0.1
- Confluent Kafka version 7.2.1
- Neo4j 5.12.0 enterprise
- Elasticsearch 8.5.3
- AWS OpenSearch 1.3.4
- PostgreSQL 15.4

MAIN FEATURES AND IMPROVEMENTS

1. Business Entity on PostgreSQL

• Fabric can now use PostgreSQL as a Logical Unit's storage layer, where each business entity's instance is saved in separate rows in PostgreSQL. This functionality should be used when the main use case is driven by cross-instance queries: for reporting, dashboards, or data analytics systems.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/32 LU storage/04 business entity on pg.html

2. Fabric Catalog

Complex fields support – the Catalog now supports parsing of text fields with a complex structure (JSON or XML). It is done by a new Complex Field Parser plugin which uses the data snapshot taken from the source to parse the complex structures. Once the complex field is parsed, Class nodes are created. They are linked using a new relation type – definedBy. The complex structures then undergo auto-profiling by using the same profiling rules as all other Catalog fields.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/39 fabric catalog/plugins/01 complex field.html

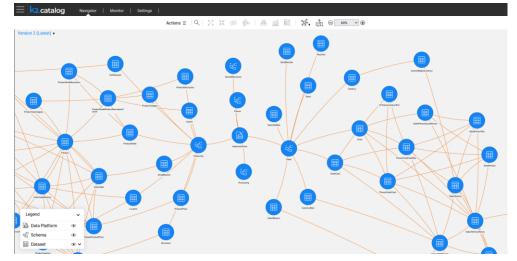
The plugins.discovery productization – this configuration file is now a part of the
product's resources and it is located in the /fabric/resources/discovery folder. To
override the product definitions on a project level (e.g. setting an exclusion list or
disabling a plugin), the file should be uploaded to the Project tree under
the Implementation/SharedObjects/Interfaces/Discovery/ folder. Otherwise,
there is no need to keep the file as part of your project.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/39_fabric_catalog/04_plugin_framework.html

• Starting V8.0, the Discovery process doesn't have a default schema filter. Any schema (or dataset) that need to be excluded from the discovery or included in it, should be explicitly defined in the exclude_list / include_list via the plugins.discovery file, e.g.:

```
"data_platforms":{
    "AdventureWorks": {
        "exclude_list": ["db_accessadmin","db_ddladmin","db_owner"]
    }
}
```

- Performance improvement has been made to allow working with large schemas in the Catalog Application UI – overall up to ~2,000 expanded nodes and relations. This has been achieved by displaying the Catalog diagram in a **cloud-like layout** whenever the number of relations of all the expanded schemas in the Catalog App exceed 100.
 - This cloud-like layout can help visualize the datasets and the relations between them much faster than the original **layered** layout.
 - Note that you cannot switch back to the layered layout once the Catalog opens the cloud-like layout, thus preventing the client from getting stuck due to high number of nodes and/or relations. The layout reset is done at the Catalog reload.



- **Catalog Advanced Masking Settings** pop-up window enables setting up additional parameters for the masking:
 - Masking indicators (such as 'Use Environment'). These indicators can be used during task executions in TDM. They override the default values of the Masking Actor – on the Classification level.
 - Formatter name and parameters. The formatter can be an actor (e.g. SimpleMaskingFormat Actor described further) or an inner flow.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/39 fabric catalog/10 catalog settings.html

3. Broadway

YAML Format

- Broadway flows are now saved in a YAML format (instead of JSON), along with some semantic changes, to improve the flow's readability and help users compare between 2 flow versions, when either committing the updates to Git or merging 2 files or file versions.
- The flow structure in a YAML format is as follows:

```
stages:
    <stage name>:
       actors:
           <actor name>:
                <various attributes - parent, condition, etc>
               in:
                   <actor's input param name>
                       external: <external name, applicable when param is external>
                       link: <actor/port name connected to this input param>
               out:
                   <actor's output param name>
                   schema: '#ref' <when object, the fields are described in 'schemas' section>
                   -----' <indication of split between stages of the same level>
   split:
schemas:
   <actor name>.out.<output name>:
       <list of properties and their data types>
```

- The **stages** part of the file describes the sequence of stages in a flow, including the actors in each stage and input/output parameters of each actor. The input parameters that have a link display the link details. The input/output parameters also indicate whether they are defined as external.
- The **schemas** part of the file describes the output parameters that are defined as an object.
- The existing flows are converted into YAML upon the first save of the flow. When the flow can't be converted into YAML due to conversion issues, it remains in JSON format.
- To leverage this feature for the **existing** flows, first save and commit the flow without any changes (so the only change would be the new YAML format). Then make your changes and compare the flow with the latest YAML version.
- Refer to the <u>Fabric Upgrade Procedure To V8.0</u> document for more details on how to disable the feature. Note that Broadway actors remain in a JSON format.

General

- You can now define **Elseif** conditions in a flow as follows:
 - When a Stage is split into several stages on the same dependency level, you can define the Elseif logic by adding a Stage Condition and marking the same stage as else. The conditions of all stages of the same level will continue to be evaluated top -> down.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/19 Broadway/19 broadway flow stages.html

• You can now define the **retry mechanism** for an actor in a flow as follows:

Retry can be enabled is part of the error handler ("red actor") functionality. Any actor or an inner flow can be used for this purpose (e.g. InnerFlow or LuFunction). Retry is applied to an actor that triggers error handling: when an actor fails and the error handler is triggered, the *retry* key word (instead of *true* or *false*) should be returned in order to continue. When using the ErrorHandler Actor, the retry mechanism is already built-in, as explained further in this document.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/19_Broadway/24_error_handling.html

Modified Actors

- ErrorHandler Actor has been enhanced to support the Retry mechanism setup. It now includes the retry attributes number of retries and interval duration (in msec). The retry can be defined for either all exception types or only selected ones, if needed.
- **ErrorFields** Actor has been enhanced with a new output field **attempt**, that indicates the execution attempt of the actor. This parameter can be used when creating an inner flow for the retry.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/19 Broadway/actors/06 error handling actors.ht ml

• Masking Actor has been enhanced with a new optional parameter - formatter. It can be set with either an actor or a flow, which can format the input value while preserving the original format in the masked value.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/26 fabric security/06 data masking.html

• **Http** Actors have been enhanced with a new parameter – debug. This parameter is used to turn on the request debug. It writes to the log file the actual request URI, method, headers and all other parameters affecting the request.

New Actors

- **BroadwayLanguageConvert** Actor for translating a Broadway flow file between YAML and JSON and vice versa.
- YamlParser Actor for analyzing an input stream in a YAML format and returning the objects found in the stream.
- YamlStringify Actor for converting any given object or primitive value to a YAML-format document.
- **SimpleMaskingFormat** Actor for performing the formatting of the input value. The actor can work in 2 modes:
 - Normalize normalizes the original value by removing all characters defined in an exclusion list (formatDeny param) and are not in an inclusion list (formatAllow param) from the original value.
 - **Format** adds the formatting characters to a normalized value for building an output that has the same format as the input's original value.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/19 Broadway/actors/07 masking and sequence a ctors.html

4. Hybrid Cloud Support

- Fabric supports multi–DC architecture when there is only a **https** connection between the DCs. For example: DC1 is on-prem, DC2 is on cloud, and in addition Fabric has access to the source database from one of the DCs only (e.g., on-prem). In order to support this architecture, the following features were introduced:
 - Several Fabric nodes can have direct access to the System DB, while the rest of the nodes use the direct-access System DB nodes as proxy. This capability is controlled by using ENABLE_SYSTEM_DB_PROXY parameter in the config.ini file and setting SYSTEM_DB_TYPE=remote_fabric:POSTGRESQL.
 - While executing the Fabric commands **deploy** and **set**, a job is created with other DC as affinity to distribute the command on all other nodes in the cluster.
 - While executing the Fabric commands migrate, ps, node_status, etc., the command runs on the local DC nodes only. It can be controlled by setting DISTRIBUTE_LOCAL_DC_ONLY parameter in the config.ini file.

5. Web Studio

• **DB Interface Explorer** has a new indication as to whether the interface data is retrieved from the data source or from the Catalog (neo4j): using a new icon and a tooltip.

> ¹⁰ a BILLING_DB	
> & CRM_DB	8
> & CRM_DB_con Interface Type: SQLite	e (Db) - Metadata from Catalog
> % fabric	

- **Root table recommendation** per interface and schema is provided after the Discovery job run on the interface.
 - The top 5 schema's tables (based on the score) are colored orange after clicking the icon on the schema level.
 - The score represents the importance of each node within the graph, based on the number of incoming relationships. It's calculated using the PageRank algorithm.
 - This information is reset on the tab reload.



- Schema reconciliation Tables Reconciliation allows you to analyze changes made to the connected source data platform tables upon which your project's tables are based on. It provides a valuable solution for 2 primary scenarios, throughout the project lifecycle:
 - Data Product Business Entity Model changes: During the initial setup of project tables from source data platforms, implementors may decide to select only those essential for the business entity model of the data product. Subsequent requirements may necessitate the incorporation of columns previously omitted. The Tables Reconciliation feature facilitates the identification of these columns for this prospective addition.
 - Source Data Platforms changes: Over the course of a project, changes may occur in the source data platform tables linked to it columns could be added or removed. Tables Reconciliation can be used to spot these differences between the source and project tables, enabling informed decision-making within the Table Editor.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/06_LU_tables/07_reconciliation.html

6. K2exchange

- The K2exchange is a store-like platform for publishing and consuming Fabric's modules that are not part of the product and that are hence considered as extensions. Such extension modules can be Broadway actors and flows, connectors, templates, Java code and lib, LU web-app, and SQL queries.
- Web Studio allows project implementors to explore the extensions list, install and embed them into their project with a click.
- Additionally, Web Studio provides tools to create, pack, and publish extensions to the K2exchange store.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/04 fabric studio/28 web k2exchange.html

7. IID Finder

• The parameter **DELTA_STORAGE** in iifConfig.ini has been changed: the default is now KAFKA instead of CASSANDRA_ONLY. The CASSANDRA_ONLY value has been deleted.

8. Miscellaneous

- The JDK version has been upgraded from 17 to 21. The Fabric Studio now builds the code using Java 17 (instead of 8). If you wish to use the new features of Java 21 in Studio, perform the following:
 - Update the JavacArgs from 17 to 21 in the k2FabricStudio.exe.config file under the Studio folder.

- Fabric and project dependencies Fabric's dependencies are now isolated from the project's dependencies by default. This isolation allows a higher flexibility for the project to use the 3rd party JARs version rather than the version used by Fabric.
 - It is possible to disable the isolation and return to 7.2.x behavior.
 - Refer to <u>Fabric Upgrade Procedure To V8.0</u> document for more details on how to upgrade your project to 8.0 and on how to disable the isolation feature.
- In-memory LU storage Fabric storage mechanism has been enhanced with the ability to save the LUI data in the Fabric memory instead of saving it to SQLite files. To utilize this feature, the new parameter CACHE_TYPE in the config.ini file should be set to MEMORY_NO_CACHE (the default is FILES_CACHE). The advantage of keeping the LU Storage in memory is to prevent the waiting time caused by contention, when 2 Fabric sessions are simultaneously trying to access the same LUI.
- Tomcat has been upgraded from 8.5 to 10.
- **SQLite** has been upgraded from 3.44.1.0 to 3.45.2.
- HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) is now set by default when a secured port is used (HSTS=auto in config.ini):
 - For secured port, HSTS is on.
 - For not secured, HSTS is set to off.
- **Sequences** creation in PostgreSQL is now flexible to consider the schema name as input parameter instead of using public as default.
- **TTL support for k2masking tables** has been added when the masking is managed in the Fabric System DB = PostgreSQL (which doesn't support TTL).
- The keystore has been upgraded from JCEKS to **PKCS12** a standard format widely supported across different platforms and applications.
 - Refer to <u>Fabric Upgrade Procedure To V8.0</u> document for more details on how to upgrade your project to 8.0.
- It is now possible to create custom generic interface types in your project. Once defined, the interface type is added to the list of all interface types available in the product.

RESOLVED ISSUES

- Ticket #35733 MapCreate Actor should retain order of fields. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #36762 The redundant parameter READ_ONLY_AUTHENTICATOR in config.ini. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37206 Disappearing input params in Db Actors. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37363 When using Parallel Execution, the flow moves to the next stage before completing all actors in a stage. The problem has been resolved.

- Ticket #37559 Crawler excludes entire schema when provided <schema>. definition in data_platforms[]. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37777 CatalogMapper with TDM when turned off mask sensitive data on environment changing null to "" for PII classified fields. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37839 Not getting details in batches for today and active. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37603 Single quote in the Fabric Global Variable values. The problem has been resolved.